







06/2017

# Lehrplan DFG / LFA Englisch

Zweig: L

Klassenstufen 10, 11 und 12

## 1 Leitgedanken

## 1.1 Bildungswert des Faches

Das Zusammenwachsen Europas und der Welt, die Zuwanderung von Menschen aus anderen Sprach-und Kulturkreisen, das Medienangebot und die Technologien bringen neue Herausforderungen auf sozialem, wirtschaftlichen und kulturellem Gebiet mit sich. Dem Erlernen von Fremdsprachen kommt in diesem Umfeld eine große Bedeutung zu, denn Fremdsprachenkenntnisse tragen in hohem Maße zum gegenseitigen Verständnis und friedlichen Zusammenleben bei und sind Voraussetzung für Mobilität und Zusammenarbeit.

Englisch hat sich weltweit zur wichtigsten Zweit- und Verkehrssprache entwickelt. Deshalb müssen Schülerinnen und Schüler auf die Anforderungen vorbereitet werden, die sich im Hinblick auf Berufsqualifikationen, neue Formen der internationalen Kooperation sowie vermehrte interkulturelle Begegnungen ergeben.

Die Beherrschung der englischen Sprache ist infolgedessen ein wichtiges Instrument erfolgreicher Kommunikation, auf dem beruflicher Erfolg und persönliche Weiterentwicklung basieren.

## 1.2 Kompetenzen

Das wichtigste Ziel des gymnasialen Englischunterrichts ist die Entwicklung einer kommunikativen Kompetenz, die die Schülerinnen und Schüler sprachlich handlungsfähig macht. Die angemessene Verwendung sprachlicher Mittel und der Gebrauch von korrektem Englisch sowohl im Schriftlichen als auch im mündlichen stellen neben der Gesprächs- und Verständigungsfähigkeit wichtige Lernziele dar, wobei lexikalische, grammatische und orthographische Fähigkeiten Teilkompetenzen sind und dienende Funktion haben.

Der Erwerb von soziokulturellen Kenntnissen über das zielsprachliche Land weitet den Horizont und wirkt persönlichkeitsbildend. Dies gilt ebenso für die Auseinandersetzung mit authentischen Texten bei der Erschließung landeskundlicher Themen und die Interpretation beispielhafter Werke englischsprachiger Literatur.

# 2 Kompetenzen / skills

#### 2.1 Communicative skills

	Skills	2eL (CEF: B1/B2)	1eL and TeL (CEF: B2/C1)
		understanding extended	understanding extended speech
	Listening	speech and lectures, even	even when it is not clearly
OING		following complex lines of	structured and when relationships
ANI		argument provided the	are only implied and not signalled
RST		topic is reasonably	explicitly
UNDERSTANDING		familiar	understanding television
		understanding most TV	programmes and films without too
		news and current affairs	much effort

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		programmes	
		understanding the	
		majority of films in	
		standard forms of English	
		reading articles and	understanding long and complex
	Reading	reports concerned with	factual and literary texts,
		contemporary problems	appreciating distinctions of style
		in which the writers	understanding specialised articles
		adopt particular attitudes	and longer technical instructions,
		or viewpoints	even when they do not relate to
		understanding	one's field
		contemporary literary	one's neid
		prose	
	Communicating	dealing with most	interacting with a degree of fluency
		situations likely to arise	and spontaneity that facilitates
	Spoken interaction	whilst travelling in an	regular interaction with native
		area where the language	speakers
		is spoken	taking an active part in discussion
		engaging spontaneously	in familiar contexts, accounting for
		in conversation on	and supporting one's views
		familiar topics, involving	
		personal interest or	
		everyday life (e.g. family,	
		hobbies, work, travel and	
51		current events).	
SPEAKING			
SPE,		connecting phrases in a	presenting clear, detailed
	Spoken production	simple way in order to	descriptions on a wide range of
		describe experiences and	subjects related to one's field of
		events, dreams, hopes and	interest
		ambitions	explaining a viewpoint on a topical
		giving reasons and	issue, giving the pros and cons of
		explanations for opinions	various options
		and future plans	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		narrating a story or	
		relating the plot of a book	
		or film and describing	
		one's reactions	

_	Writing	writing simple coherent	writing clear, detailed text on a
		text on topics which are	wide range of subjects related to
		familiar or of personal	one's interests
WRITING		interest	writing an essay or report, passing
VRIT		writing personal letters	on information or giving the pros
<b>&gt;</b>		describing experiences	and cons on a particular point of
		and impressions	view
			writing a formal letter

# 2.2 Further Skills

	2eL and 1eL and TeL
Language require-	Pronunciation and intonation
ments	Acquiring clear and comprehensible pronunciation and appropriate intonation
	Increasing autonomy and awareness of correct pronunciation and intonation
	Reading a rather complex text (mostly familiar linguistic material) in a "correct"
	way
	Vocabulary range and idiomatic expressions
	Appropriating topic vocabulary dealt with in class
	Understanding and using collocations and idiomatic expressions
	Moving beyond factual discourse to spoken interaction and argumentation
	Using appropriate terms and expressions for analysis and interpretation
	Using connectors for coherent and structured argumentation
	Recognising and using different registers, such as colloquial and formal
	Grammar
	Using complex grammatical structures and varied syntax
	Being aware of the special features of English grammar with regard to their stylis-
	tic function (aspect, non-finite forms,)
Intercultural learning	Making comparisons between one's own culture and the other
	Approaching cultural differences appropriately and questioning one's own values
	Explaining cultural differences when mediating
	Analyzing cultural phenomena from various perspectives
	Developing awareness of linguistic and cultural variety
	Using complex media information sources
	Using the target language as working language
	Studying English as a global language

Cultural skills	Becoming aware of national "self conception" of English-speaking countries
	Dealing with contemporary topics affecting the English-speaking world
	Emphasising particular cultural features when studying literature and other
	forms of art
Methodology	Receptive
Methodology	Using (listening/watching/reading) comprehension strategies: skimming, scan-
	ning, analytical reading/listening, selective reading/listening, inferring pur-
	pose/opinion/mood
	Deducing vocabulary from context or from other languages, recognizing morpho-
	logical patterns in order to deduce vocabulary
	Comprehending text using structuring methods (focusing on keywords, using
	headlines, mind-mapping,)  Productive
	Using strategies to subdivide and structure texts
	Appropriating new vocabulary independently (using knowledge of other lan-
	guages, intelligent guessing,)
	Producing oral and written summaries  Mediating Correct (French & English and vice years)
	Mediating German/French ► English and vice versa
	Describing and analyzing argumentative devices
	Describing and analyzing (orally and in written) diagrams and statistics
	Taking notes and using them for oral presentations or text production
	Presenting work results coherently (written and oral)
	Using quotations for illustrative purposes
	Referring to sources
	Learning techniques
	Using memorization and semantic networking techniques
	Using the computer for learning
	Using Internet and reference books for doing research
	Working techniques
	Avoiding mistakes and correcting oneself (using strategies such as proof reading,
	)
	Working autonomously by planning, reflecting and evaluating one's work (self-
	assessment, Portfolio work)
	Working effectively in groups (possibly including peer-assessment)
	Using more complex presentation tools ("PowerPoint", "Metaplan",)
	Using a monolingual and bilingual dictionary effectively
	Working with texts
	Extracting, summarizing, analyzing and evaluating information and arguments
	from a variety of sources (of any kind of document, including audio-visual mate-
	rial)
	Understanding and analyzing an author's intention

Recognizing important stylistic devices and describing their function
Recognizing basic characteristic features in pictures and film and commenting on them
Recognizing and applying text type specific features (e.g. letter / comment / ...)
Rewriting text by changing the Using texts as model
Filling blanks in texts
Personal reading at home of a longer text (novel / drama)

1eL and TeL

## 2.3 Communicative skills: details

## Listening

2eL

Skills	Skills
JKIIIS	SKIIIS
<ul> <li>Understanding a short speech or conversa- tion in standard but authentic English, on a familiar topic.</li> </ul>	- Understanding a longer speech or conver- sation in a variety of registers and possibly on unfamiliar topics
<ul> <li>Taking general notes or writing key words while listening to standard but authentic English.</li> </ul>	- Taking extensive notes while listening to a variety of registers, possibly on unfamiliar topics
<ul> <li>Understanding and analyzing the main ideas of short extracts of audio-visual ma- terial (such as radio plays, commercials, songs, the news, interviews, films, docu- mentaries) in standard but authentic Eng- lish.</li> </ul>	- Understanding and analyzing the main ideas of long extracts of audio-visual material (such as radio plays, commercials, songs, the news, interviews, films, documentaries) in standard but authentic English.
Possible forms of Assessment	Possible forms of Assessment
- Box-ticking	- Box-ticking
- Gap-filling	- Gap-filling
- Crossing out the wrong information	- Crossing out the wrong information
- True / False / not in the text (with quotations to justify)	- True / False / not in the text (with quota- tions to justify)

- Writing down key words	- Writing down key words
- Short summary	- Summary

## Reading

0.1		Tax imx
2eL		1eL and TeL
Skills	Understanding short articles or reports	Skills - Understanding articles or reports about a
-		
	about familiar issues in standard English	wide range of issues in a variety of regis-
-	Understanding short extracts of literary	ters.
	works – prose, poetry and drama.	- Understanding literary works or longer ex-
		tracts (prose, poetry and drama).
-	Skimming and scanning short extracts	
	from letters, leaflets and official docu-	- Skimming and scanning longer extracts
	ments, in Standard English.	from letters, leaflets and official docu-
-	Finding the principal argument in a short	ments, in Standard English.
	argumentative text in Standard English.	- Finding the principal argument in an ar-
		gumentative text in a variety of registers.
-	Using a monolingual dictionary.	
_	Keeping a reading journal with general	- Keeping an extensive reading journal with
	plot summaries.	plot summaries, character sketches, ter-
	piot summaries.	minology and themes.
-	Recognizing the structure of fictional/	- Recognizing the structure of fictional /
	non-fictional texts.	non-fictional texts.
		non netional tentor
Possib	le forms of Assessment	Possible forms of Assessment
-	Box-ticking	- Box-ticking
	DOX CERTIFY	box dexing
-	Gap-filling (tables)	- Gap-filling (tables)
_	Crossing out the wrong information	<ul> <li>Crossing out the wrong information</li> </ul>
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-	True or False with quotations to justify	- True or False with quotations to justify
-	Matching headlines and parts of text /	- Matching headlines and parts of text /
-	paragraphs	- paragraphs

- Synonyms and antonyms	- Synonyms and antonyms
- Writing down key words	- Writing down key words
- Short summary	- Detailed Summary

## Communicating

1eL and TeL
Skills
<ul> <li>Participating (interacting) in a conversation on a wide range of topics, possibly with a native speaker</li> <li>Expressing ideas in a spontaneous and fluent way</li> <li>Asking and answering questions</li> <li>Agreeing and disagreeing, expressing opinion convincingly</li> <li>Debating and role playing</li> <li>Clarifying or defending a viewpoint</li> <li>Presenting and balancing arguments for and against</li> <li>Summarizing, analyzing and drawing conclusions</li> </ul>
Possible forms of Assessment
- Interviews
- Role-playing
- Semi-guided conversation (visual- or oral- prompted)
- Discussions
- Debating on a wide range of issues

# Speaking

2eL		1eL and TeL
Skills		Skills
-	A general summing up of information deal-	- A clear and detailed summing up of infor-
	ing with class topics	mation dealing with class topics
-	Presenting a book or film	- Reviewing a book or film with emphasis on
-	Clear descriptions of all types of docu-	personal judgement
	ments on class-related topics	- Clear and detailed descriptions of all types
-	'Mediation' – transferring essential infor-	of documents on a wide range of topics
	mation from the mother tongue into Eng-	- 'Mediation' – transferring essential infor-
	lish	mation from the mother tongue into Eng-
-	Presenting the results of group work using	lish
	notes	- Presenting the results of group work with
_	Giving a short presentation on a class-	limited use of notes
_	related or familiar topic	- Giving a presentation on an unfamiliar top-
		ic
-	participating actively in a conversation	
	(class topic)	- participating actively in a conversation or
-	summarizing the plot of a film/literary	discussion (general topic), giving examples
	text in a structured way	to supports one's argument
		- summarizing the plot of a film/literary
		text in a structured way, giving a personal
		evaluation
Possibl	e forms of Assessment	Possible forms of Assessment
-	Presentations	- Presentations
-	Mediation	- Mediation
-	job interview	- job interview

Writing

Skills - Note-taking - Extensive	
- Note-taking - Extensiv	
	re and structured note-taking
- Writing short texts related to familiar top- ics - Writing to	texts related to an extensive range
- Expressing personal opinion - Expressi	ng personal opinion
documents (including visual documents non-ficti	ng and interpreting fictional and ional documents (including visual nts such as photos, graphs, carc.)
cons, formulating and defending a stand Writing 6	essays, weighing up pros and cons, ting and defending a standpoint
- Quoting appropriately from the document - Quoting a when an	appropriately from the document
	summaries of fictional and non- documents
	on' – transferring essential infor- from the mother tongue into Eng-
basic way	personal and formal letters
	ting literary texts with reference
expressi syntax	s level requires use of idiomatic ions, linking words and authentic
Possible forms of Assessment Possible forms of	f Assessment
- Essays - Essays	
- CVs - CVs	
- Letters of application - Letter of	application / motivation
- Letters and emails - Reports	

- Reports	- Articles
- Articles	- Book and film review
- Book and film review	- Advertisements
- Advertisements	- Stories
- Stories	- Scripts
- Scripts	- 'Mediation'
- 'Mediation'	

Aspects of society	Examples				
	- family life and growing up				
	- work and employment				
	- gender roles				
	- crime and punishment				
	- migration				
	- globalization				
Science and technology	Examples				
	- science and ethics				
	- science and progress				
	- genetic engineering				
	- environmental issues (global warming,				
	sustainable development,)				
	- information technology and the media				
Aspects of political life, tradition and change	Examples				
	- human rights				
	- political institutions				
	- Britain and Europe / USA and Europe				
	- current events and affairs				
Aspects of English as a global language	Examples				
	- British Empire and the Commonwealth				
	- English as Lingua Franca				
	- interaction with other languages				
	(Spanglish,)				
	- in-depth case study of an English-speaking				

country other than the UK or the US

# 2.4 Topics

# 3 Operatoren

Operator	Definition
Analyse	Examine in detail in order to explain the meaning
Comment on	Give a personal view of a certain topic, giving evidence to support your opinion
Compare/contrast	Describe similarities and differences
Describe	Express what something or somebody is like, dealing with all the relevant details
Discuss	Examine an issue from all sides before stating your personal opinion
Explain	Clarify something by giving reasons
Evaluate	Form an opinion on the quality or value of something after having considered it carefully
Give a characterisation of	Describe the typical features of somebody or something, giving examples
Illustrate	Make something clear by providing relevant examples
Summarise	Present the main points in a condensed form, omitting details and examples

# **Appendix**

## 1. Literature

## NB: Whenever possible the topics and literature dealt with in class should be linked.

poetry	ad lib			
prose	- 2 modern novels			
	- short stories			
drama	- 1 modern play			
	- 1 play by William Shakespeare (or another			
	Elizabethan playwright) or extracts from			
	several Shakespearean / Elizabethan plays			
	(in both cases including background in-			
	formation regarding Elizabethan times and			
	theatre)			
others	other art forms			
	(e.g. songs, films, paintings, photos,)			

## Suggestions: Topic-related literature (see table below)

## Reading list for written final exam

Every two years each DFG/LFA suggests two novels or theatre plays to the selection committee; the committee then chooses one play or novel that is read with 1e / Te L forms in two consecutive years.

Hence suggestions for written final exams can be based on that novel or play.

TOPICS CURRICULUM – L (2e – Te)	SUGGESTIONS LITERATURE
Aspects of society	2e
F	Nick Hornby: About A Boy
	Nick Hornby: Slam
	Susan Hinton: The Outsiders
	J.D. Salinger: The Catcher in the Rye
	Louis Sacher: Holes
	John Green: The Fault in Our Stars or Paper Towns
	Stephen Chbosky: The Perks of Being a Wallflower
	M. Haddon: The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-Time
	topic-related short stories  1e and Te
	T. Kushner: Angels in America J. Walls: Half Broke Horses
	T.C. Boyle: The Tortilla Curtain
	P. Auster: <i>Sunset Park</i>
	P. Auster: <i>Moon Palace</i>
	F. McCourt: Angela's Ashes
	T. Wilder: Our Town
	S. Shepard: True West
	J.C. Oates: Foxfire
	W. Golding: Lord Of The Flies
	H. Pinter: Betrayal
	B. Clark: Whose Life is it Anyway? J. Osborne: Look Back In Anger
	T. Williams: A Streetcar Named Desire
	T. Williams: The Glass Menagerie
	Arthur Miller: <i>Death of a Salesman</i>
	E. Hemingway: The Sun Also Rises
	F.S. Fitzgerald: The Great Gatsby
	G. Greene: Brighton Rock
	O. Wilde: The Picture Of Dorian Gray
	O. Wilde: The Importance of Being Earnest
	C. Dickens: <i>Oliver Twist</i>
	extracts of plays by William Shakespeare
	topic-related short stories
Science and technology	M. Atwood: Oryx and Crake
	D. Lessing: Mara and Dann K. Ishiguro: Never Let Me Go
	R. Bradbury: <i>Fahrenheit 451</i>
	A. Huxley: Brave New World
	R.L. Stevenson: <i>The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr Hyde</i>
	topic-related short stories
Aspects of political life, tradition and	R. Prawer Jhabvala: Heat and Dust
change	L. Jones: Mister Pip
	T.C. Boyle: The Tortilla Curtain
	S. Monk Kidd: The Secret Life of Bees
	M. Angelou: I Know Why The Caged Bird Sings
	H. Lee: To Kill A Mockingbird
	A. Walker: The Color Purple A. Miller: The Crucible
	G. Orwell: Animal Farm
	G. Orwell: 1984
	C. Dickens: A Tale of Two Cities
	topic-related short stories
Aspects of English as a global language	W. Russell: Educating Rita
	G.B. Shaw: Pygmalion
	One Language – Many Voices (collection of short stories)
	other topic-related short stories

#### 2. Assessment

## Types of assessment

NB: All forms of assessment (oral / written production, listening / reading comprehension) are of <u>equal</u> weighting.

Types of assessment	2 <sup>e</sup>	1e	Te1
Standardized <u>listening</u> comprehension	1	1	
(plus optional topic - related <u>writing</u> task, to be graded separately)			
Standardized <u>reading</u> comprehension	1	1	
(plus optional topic - related <u>writing</u> task, to be graded separately)			
Oral presentation, 10' (optional pair or group work) <sup>2</sup>	1		
Oral presentation, 15' (optional pair or group work)		1	
Oral presentation, 20', of a more complex topic			1
Picture (or any other) -prompted discussion (2 pupils, 5')	1	1	1
Writing task (literary or non-literary topic)	1	1	2

## **Assessment grids**

- Assessment grid for spoken production B1/B1+
- Assessment grid for spoken production B2/B2+
- Assessment grid for written production B1/B2
- Assessment grid for written production B2/C1
- Operators for reading/listening comprehension and written production

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Due to the specifications in *Schweriner Abkommen* regarding the final exam, the focus of assessment in T<sup>e</sup> is on writing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> the minutes refer to speaking time per pupil